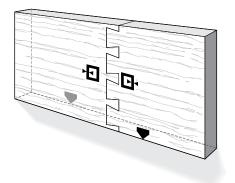
## D4R Pro - CHAPTER 13

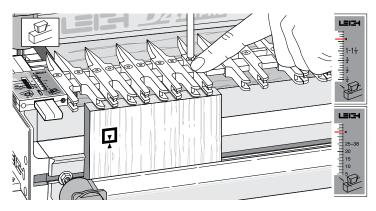
## End-on-End Dovetails

While you have the router set up for half-blind dovetails, it is a good time to try end-on-end dovetails. If you have not yet routed half-blind dovetails or read through chapter 11, please do so now before attempting end-on-end dovetails.

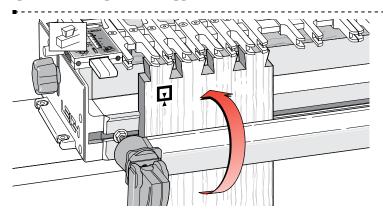


**13-1** End-on-end dovetails are made in the same modes as halfblind joints, *but both boards are routed vertically in the front clamp,* alternately face side in and then face side out  $\square$ . Boards for endon-end joints may be up to 3/4"[20mm] thick.

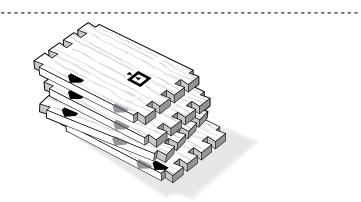
 $\triangle$  Use only the guidebush, dovetail bits and depths of cut as specified in Chapter 10 or Appendix II.



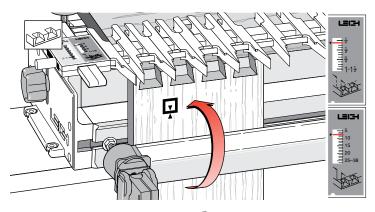
**13-2** The end-on-end dovetail is laid out in the *HB* TAILS mode. There is a special mark on the scale for end-on-end dovetails. *Align the support bracket line with the small arrow as shown.* Adjust the guidefingers as required.



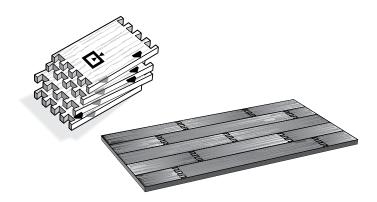
**13-3** Rout the tails. Clamp end-on-end dovetail boards in the jig for routing one end face side in and one end face side out. *Keep the same edge against the side stop for both ends.* 



**13-4** Rout the tails on each end of the tail boards.



**13-5** Rotate the finger assembly to HBPINS mode and again set it on the small scale arrow for maximum pin board thickness (¾"[20mm]). *There is no theoretical minimum thickness, but avoid thin board tearout, see 17-11.* Rout pins on each end of pin boards, same edge against the sidestop for both ends. *Narrow pins are illustrated (look like narrow tails), but guidefingers can easily adjust for even-sized tails and pins.* 



**13-6** Always assemble end-on-end joints keeping the edges of the boards that were against the side stop all in line. **Applications for End-on-End Dovetails** 

As one example, you can make a flat, stable, and attractive chest lid by edge-jointing and glueing end-on-end dovetailed boards.